EDITORIAL
The Threat of the Zika Virus to Fetal Development

REVIEW
The Effect of Childbirth Self-Efficacy on Perinatal Outcomes

RESEARCH
Consequences of Inadequate Staffing Include Missed Care, Potential Failure to Rescue, and Job Stress and Dissatisfaction
Nurses' Own Birth Experiences Influence Labor Support Attitudes and Behaviors
Crew Resource Management for Obstetric and Neonatal Teams to Improve Communication During Cesarean Births
Pilot Feasibility Study of an Educational Intervention in Women With Gestational Diabetes
A Comparison of Maternal and Paternal Experiences of Becoming Parents of a Very Preterm Infant
Use of the Cranial Cup to Correct Positional Head Shape Deformities in Hospitalized Premature Infants
Factors That Influence Women to Disclose Sexual Assault History to Health Care Providers
Oral Health in Pregnancy
Breastfeeding Recommendations for Women Who Receive Medication-Assisted Treatment for Opioid Use Disorders: AWHONN Practice Brief Number 4
Intimate Partner Violence During the Childbearing Years
Interrupting Intimate Partner Violence During Pregnancy With an Effective Screening and Assessment Program
Perceived Fertility Control and Pregnancy Outcomes Among Abused Women
Continued Intimate Partner Violence During Pregnancy and After Birth and Its Effect on Child Functioning
EDITORIAL

463 The Threat of the Zika Virus to Fetal Development
Zika virus is the first virus in more than five decades to be linked to serious fetal developmental effects.
Nancy K. Lowe

REVIEW

465 The Effect of Childbirth Self-Efficacy on Perinatal Outcomes
The authors found that increased childbirth self-efficacy is associated with a wide variety of improved perinatal outcomes and can be modified through various interventions.
Ellen L. Tilden, Aaron B. Coughey, Christopher S. Lee, and Cathy Enos

RESEARCH

481 Consequences of Inadequate Staffing Include Missed Care, Potential Failure to Rescue, and Job Stress and Dissatisfaction
Inadequate nurse staffing in the perinatal setting has negative implications for mothers, newborns, and nurses.
Kathleen Rice Simpson, Audrey Lyndon, and Catherine Ruhl

491 Nurses’ Own Birth Experiences Influence Labor Support Attitudes and Behaviors
Nurses’ personal birth and work experiences influenced their attitudes about and intent to provide professional labor support.
Ann P. Aschenbrenner, Lisa Hanson, Teresa S. Johnson, and Sheryl T. Kelber

502 Crew Resource Management for Obstetric and Neonatal Teams to Improve Communication During Cesarean Births
The authors examined effectiveness of communication training for obstetric and neonatal teams and found significant improvements in quantity and quality of communication postintervention.
Mary P. Mancuso, Olwier Dziadkowiec, Catherine Kleiner, Katherine Holverson-Carpenter, Terri Link, and James Barry

515 Pilot Feasibility Study of an Educational Intervention in Women With Gestational Diabetes
The authors of this pilot study add to the limited research on preventative care for women with gestational diabetes mellitus and provide preliminary findings that can be used for education and support.
Janean S. Amason, Shih-Yu Lee, Kathie Aldeddin, Sandra W. Hewell, and Lewis Van Brackle

528 A Comparison of Maternal and Paternal Experiences of Becoming Parents of a Very Preterm Infant
Mothers and fathers exhibited very different ways of coping with very preterm birth, which suggests that they should receive tailored support during the neonate’s NICU stay.
Livio Provenzi, Serena Barella, Monica Fumagalli, Guendalina Graffigna, Ida Sirgiovanni, Mariarosaria Savarese, and Rosario Monferrato

542 Use of the Cranial Cup to Correct Positional Head Shape Deformities in Hospitalized Premature Infants
Use of the cranial cup during the convalescent phase of hospitalization is feasible and safe, and it provides effective correction of deformational plagiocephaly for premature infants.
Aimee Knorr, Kimberlee Guayveau, Courtney L. Porter, Emily Serino, and Michele DeGrazia

553 Factors That Influence Women to Disclose Sexual Assault History to Health Care Providers
Women are open to sexual assault screening, but health care professionals often do not identify those who have been sexually assaulted because they do not ask.
Kate M. Berry and Carolyn M. Rulledge

PRINCIPLES & PRACTICE

565 Oral Health in Pregnancy
Women’s health care providers should integrate oral health competencies into their practice to improve the overall health of pregnant women and their newborns.
Erin Harnett, Judith Haber, Barbara Krainovich-Miller, Abigail Bella, Anna Vasiljeva, and Julia Lange Kessler
AWHONN Practice Brief

574 Breastfeeding Recommendations for Women Who Receive Medication-Assisted Treatment for Opioid Use Disorders: AWHONN Practice Brief Number 4
Lisa M. Cleveland

In Focus Editorial

577 Intimate Partner Violence During the Childbearing Years
The guest editor describes intimate partner violence and introduces the articles in this series.
Ann L. Bianchi

In Focus CNE

579 Interrupting Intimate Partner Violence During Pregnancy With an Effective Screening and Assessment Program
The authors describe the essential components of an intimate partner violence assessment program to meet the needs of women who are abused during pregnancy.
Ann L. Bianchi, Sandra K. Cesario, and Judith McFarlane

In Focus

592 Perceived Fertility Control and Pregnancy Outcomes Among Abused Women
Intimate partner violence is common, may compromise a woman’s fertility control, and may result in unintended pregnancies and poor outcomes following conception.
Feng Liu, Judith McFarlane, John A. Maddoux, Sandra Cesario, Heidi Gilroy, and Angeles Nava

Special Report

Current Resources for Evidence-Based Practice, July/August 2016
A review of new resources to support the provision of evidence-based care for women and infants.
Nicole S. Carlson